## Stable Marriages

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| Men's Preferences |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bob | Doug | Fred |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ | Alice | Alice | Elena |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Clara | Elena | Clara |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ | Elena | Clara | Alice |


| Women's Preferences |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Alice | Clara | Elena |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ | Fred | Bob | Doug |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Bob | Fred | Fred |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ | Doug | Doug | Bob |

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$\ll$ Time for your moment of zen $\gg$


## Applying the Gale-Shapley Algorithm

Here is a complete set of preferences for 4 men and 4 women.
Men's Preferences

|  | Ivan | Eric | John | R.M. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ | R.W. | R.W. | R.W. | Vic. |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Vic. | Jennie | Nicole | Nicole |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ | Jennie | Vic. | Jennie | R.W. |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ | Nicole | Nicole | Vic. | Jennie |

Women's Preferences

|  | Jennie | Nicole | Vic. | R.W. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ | Eric | John | John | Eric |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | John | R.M. | Ivan | R.M. |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ | R.M. | Eric | R.M. | Ivan |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ | Ivan | Ivan | Eric | John |

## The Algorithm, Pictorially



Men's Preferences
Women's Preferences

| Ivan | Eric | John | R.M. |  | Jennie | Nicole | Vic. | R.W. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R.W. | R.W. | R.W. | Vic. |  | Eric | John | John | Eric |
| Vic. | Jennie | Nicole | Nicole |  | John | R.M. | Ivan | R.M. |
| Jennie | Vic. | Jennie | R.W. |  | R.M. | Eric | R.M. | Ivan |
| Nicole | Nicole | Vic. | Jennie | Ivan | Ivan | Eric | John |  |

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| Men's Preferences |  |  |  |  | Women's Preferences |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ivan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eric | John | R.M. |  | Jennie | Nicole | Vic. | R.W. |  |
| R.W. | R.W. | R.W. | Vic. |  | Eric | John | John | Eric |
| Vic. | Jennie | Nicole | Nicole |  | John | R.M. | Ivan | R.M. |
| Jennie | Vic. | Jennie | R.W. |  | R.M. | Eric | R.M. | Ivan |
| Nicole | Nicole | Vic. | Jennie |  | Ivan | Ivan | Eric | John |

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| R.W. | R.W. | R.W. | Vic. |  | Eric | John | John | Eric |
| Vic. | Jennie | Nicole | Nicole |  | John | R.M. | Ivan | R.M. |
| Jennie | Vic. | Jennie | R.W. |  | R.M. | Eric | R.M. | Ivan |
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| R.W. | R.W. | R.W. | Vic. |  | Eric | John | John |
| Vic. | Ernic |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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- there are a finite number to be made.

Claim: Upon termination, everyone is engaged.

- Once a woman has been proposed to, she stays engaged.
- If a woman is not engaged at the end, she had no proposal.
- It follows that there is also some man not engaged; however, he must have proposed to the unengaged woman during some round!


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- Hence, Clara must prefer her current husband to Bob.


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- Bob must have proposed to Clara before his current wife.
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- Clara was proposed to by someone she prefers!
- Hence, Clara must prefer her current husband to Bob.
- Therefore, there is no instability.


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[That is, there is some other set $\mathcal{S}^{\prime}$ of stable marriages in which $M$ is paired with $W$.]


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- $M$ is rejected because some man $N$ proposes to $W$ whom $W$ prefers to $M$.
- Since $M$ is the first man rejected, we know $N$ likes $W$ at least as much as his optimal woman.
- This, in turn, creates an instability in $\mathcal{S}^{\prime}$ since
 $W$ prefers $N$ to $M$ and $N$ prefers $W$ to the woman he is paired with.


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- If not all rankings are made, then there may be unmatched people. For example, what if Robot Man did not like Jennie?
- The National Resident Matching Program (http://www.nrmp.org) implements this algorithm to match medical students to residency programs.

