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Determine type by looking at which slices cut all the way through  $D$ . Some regions work either way. Choose based on  $f(x, y)$ .

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## Simple Example

**Example.** Find  $\iint_D (x + 2y) dA$ ,  
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**Steps:**

1. Plot the curves (Draw a picture!)
2. Find points of intersection
3. Determine order of integration
4. Determine “upper” and “lower” functions, other bounds
5. Do the integrals.

## Not-as-simple Example

**Example.** Find  $\iint_D xy \, dA$ , where  $D$  bdd by  $y = x - 1$  and  $y^2 = 2x + 6$ .

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Sometimes you need to find  $D$  and  $f$  from the problem statement.

**Example.** Set up the integral that finds the volume of the solid bounded by the planes  $x + 2y + z = 2$ ,  $x = 2y$ ,  $x = 0$ , and  $z = 0$ .

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Our function is  $f(x, y) = z = 2 - x - 2y$ , and our integral is

$$\int_{x=0}^{x=1} \int_{y=x/2}^{y=1-x/2} (2 - x - 2y) dy dx$$

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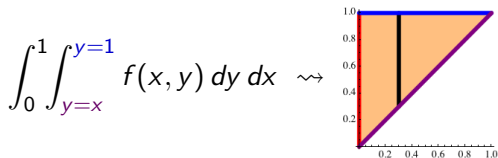
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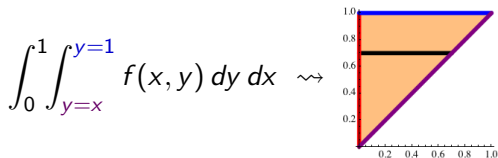
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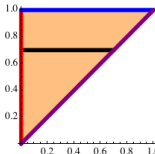
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## Double integral properties

**Property.** Suppose that  $D = D_1 \cup D_2$  (where  $D_1$  and  $D_2$  don't overlap).

Then

$$\iint_D f \, dA = \iint_{D_1} f \, dA + \iint_{D_2} f \, dA.$$

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**Property.** Suppose  $m \leq f(x, y) \leq M$  for all  $(x, y) \in D$ . Then

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**Consequence:** This gives a crude approximation for the integral.

## Application: Density

Suppose you have a 2D sheet of metal (a **lamina**) where density varies over the sheet.

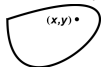
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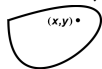
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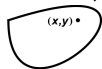
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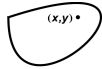
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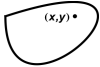
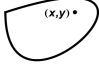
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

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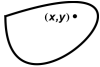
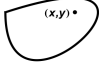
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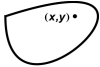
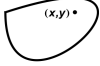
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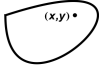
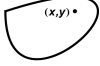
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**Solution.**

$$\begin{aligned}
 m &= \int_{x=0}^{x=1} \int_{y=2-2x}^{y=2} (1 + 3x + y) dy dx \\
 &= \int_{x=0}^{x=1} \left( y + 3xy + \frac{y^2}{2} \right) \Big|_{y=2-2x}^{y=2} dx \\
 &= \int_{x=0}^{x=1} (6x + 4x^2) dx = 3x^2 + \frac{4}{3}x^3 \Big|_{x=0}^{x=1} = \frac{13}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$